

Neles™ 3-way globe valve

Series GW

Installation, maintenance and
operating instructions

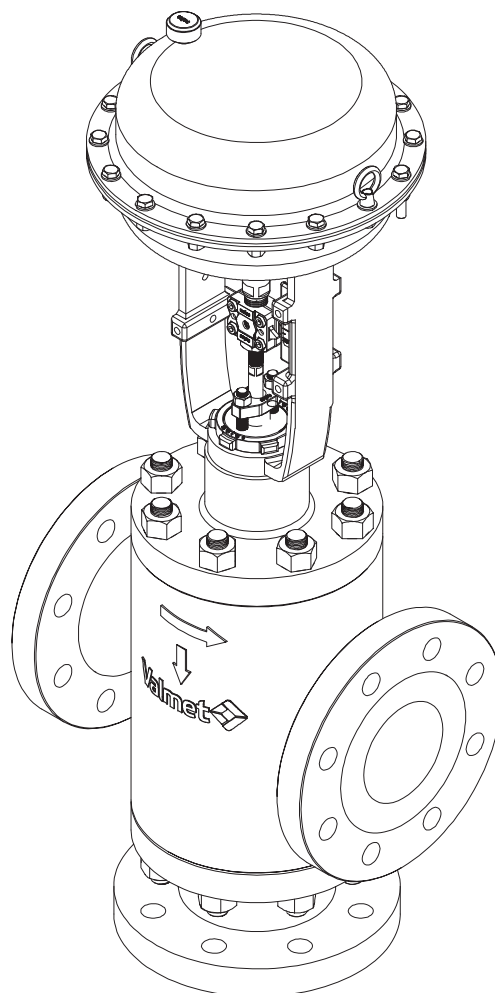


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All trademarks are property of their respective owners.



This product meets the requirements set by the Customs Union of the Republic of Belarus, the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Russian Federation.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST!

These instructions provide information about safe handling and operation of the valve.

If you require additional assistance, please contact the manufacturer or manufacturer's representative.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

Addresses and phone numbers are printed on the back cover.

1. GENERAL

1.1 Scope of the manual

This manual provides essential information on series GW, Globe 3-way Diverting or Mixing type installed sliding stem valves.

Actuators and positioners are only discussed briefly. Refer to the individual manuals for further information on their installation, operation and maintenance.

NOTE:

Selection and use of the valve in a specific application requires close consideration of detailed aspects. Due to the nature of the product, this manual cannot cover all the individual situations that may occur when the valve is used.

If you are uncertain about use of the valve or its suitability for your intended purpose, please contact Valmet for more information.

For valves in oxygen service, please see also the separate installation, maintenance and operating instructions for oxygen service (see Neles document id:10O270EN.pdf).

1.2 Valve construction

Series GW valves are flanged (weld end available) 3-way sliding stem control valves. Two seat rings and the plug with stem is a module accessible through the bottom bonnet opening (bottom entry) of the body.

GW valves are available both diverting and mixing flow for a most primary application is in temperature control.

Our standard design combines the benefits of more strong guiding with a top and bottom seat rings, and the solid cylindrical plug makes strong support to ensure valve alignment.

GW valve is available with cylindrical plug trim and with various trim capacities.

The detailed structure is revealed by the type code shown on the valve identification plate. The type code is explained in Section 11.

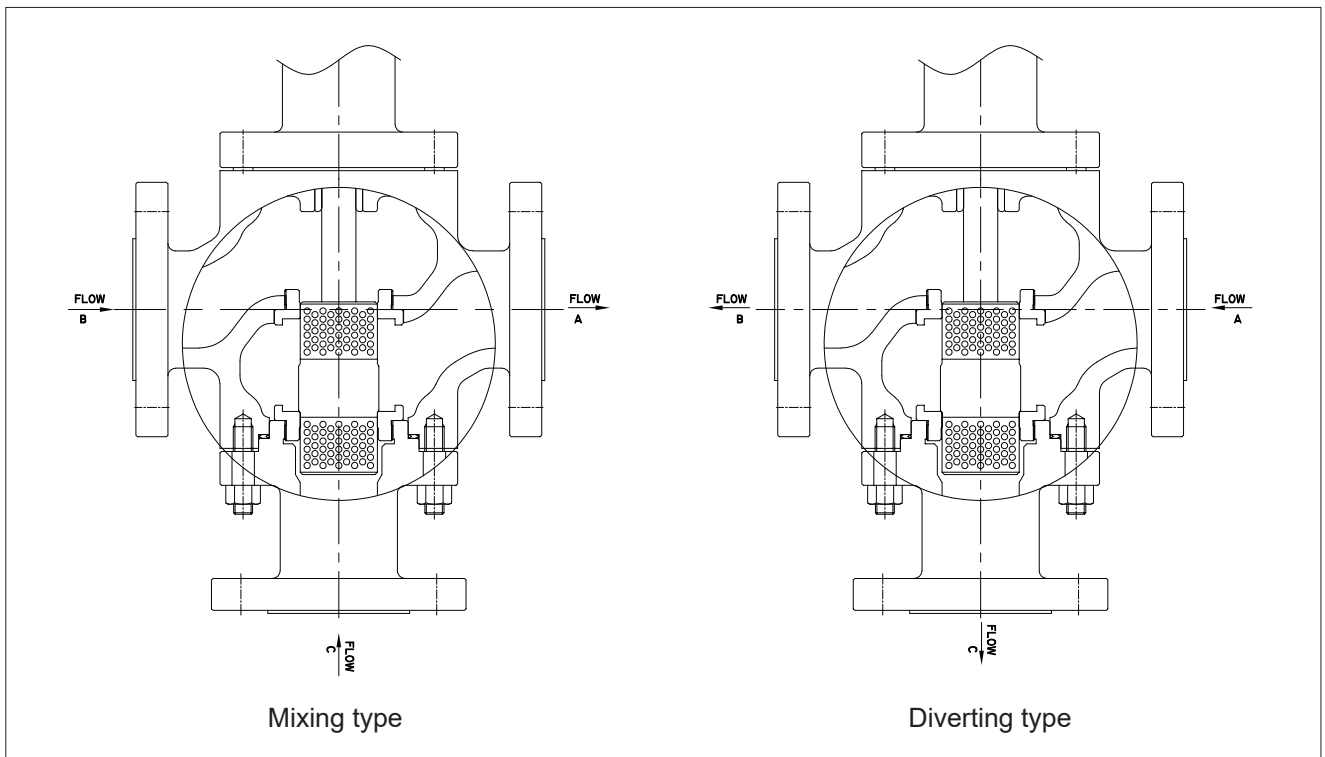


Fig. 1 Construction of the Neles GW series 3-way Valve

1.3 Valve markings

The body markings are: manufacturer's trademark, nominal size, pressure rating and material of the body. The identification plate is attached on an actuator yoke side.

Markings on the identification plate:

1. Type designation (Valve code)
2. Size, Rating
3. Cv
4. Body material
5. Plug, Stem material

6. Seat material
7. Temp. min./max.
8. Maximum (shut-off) pressure
9. Valve manufacturing date
10. Tag No.
11. CO No.

Depending on manufacturing location, information on the identification plate may differ.

1.4 Technical specifications

Face-to-face length:	ANSI/ISA-75.08.01, 03, 05 & ANSI/ISA-75.08.06 (Long)
Body rating:	Class 150 to Class 600 PN 10 to PN 100
Max. pressure differential:	acc. to pressure class
Temperature range:	-196° to +425 °C
Flow direction:	indicated by an arrow on the body
Actuator mounting:	threaded bonnet with yoke nut or bolted yoke
Stem connection:	clamp with bolts/nuts
Dimensions:	see Section 10
Weights:	see Section 10

Note that the max. shut-off pressure is based on the mechanical maximum differential pressure at ambient temperature. You must always observe the fluid temperature when deciding on applicable pressure values. When selecting a valve you must also check the noise level, cavitation intensity, flow velocity, actuator load factor, etc. using Nelprof.

1.5 Valve seat leakage class

Standard seat tightness is class II, optional trim can meet class III, ANSI/FCI 70-2.

To meet the requirement of Class IV kindly contact factory.

1.6 Recycling and disposal

Most valve parts can be recycled if sorted according to material. Most parts have a material marking. A material list is supplied with the valve. In addition, separate recycling and disposal instructions are available from the manufacturer. A valve can also be returned to the manufacturer for recycling and disposal for a fee.

1.7 Safety precautions

CAUTION:

Do not exceed the valve performance limitations!

Exceeding the limitations marked on the valve may cause damage and lead to uncontrolled pressure release. Damage or personal injury may result.

CAUTION:

Do not dismantle the valve or remove it from the pipeline while the valve is pressurised!

Dismantling or removing a pressurised valve will result in uncontrolled pressure release. Always isolate the relevant part of the pipeline, release the pressure from the valve and remove the medium before dismantling the valve.

Be aware of the type of medium involved. Protect yourself and the environment from any harmful or poisonous substances. Make sure that no medium can enter the pipeline during valve maintenance.

Failure to do this may result in damage or personal injury.

CAUTION:

Be aware of plug motion!

To avoid personal inquiries resulting from movement of a plug, keep any part of your body, especially fingers out of the flow port. Any tools or any other foreign stuff also must be kept out of this flow ports.

During valve maintenance, make sure that air pressure supply line is disconnected to the actuator.

Failure of this may cause personal inquiry and product damage.

CAUTION:

Protect yourself from noise!

The valve may produce noise in the pipeline. The noise level depends on the application. It can be measured or calculated using the Neles Nelprof software. Observe the relevant working environment regulations in terms of noise emission.

CAUTION:

Beware of a very cold or hot valve!

The valve body may be very cold or very hot during use. Protect yourself against cold injuries or burns.

CAUTION:

When handling the valve or the control valve assembly, take its weight into account!

Never lift the valve or control valve assembly by the positioner, the limit switch or their piping.

Place the lifting ropes securely around the valve body (see Fig. 2). Damage or personal injury may result from falling parts.

CAUTION:

Follow the proper procedures when handling and servicing Oxygen valves.

CAUTION:

Hexavalent chromium(VI) or Cr(VI), is known to cause cancer. Be sure to use all appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when welding metals containing chromium.

CAUTION:

Ensure that any weld splatter does not fall onto the valve trim. This may prevent proper trim movement or damage critical seating surfaces causing leaks.

CAUTION:

Make sure the valve is not pressurized when removing the actuator.

CAUTION:

Potential electrostatic charging hazard. Ensure the protection in the process.

CAUTION:

Improper stud and nuts or any other parts are not to be used. Use of unapproved stud and nuts or any other parts may cause an accident which results in personal inquires and property damage.

2. TRANSPORTATION, RECEPTION AND STORAGE

Check the valve and the accompanying devices for any damage that may have occurred during transport.

Store the valve carefully before installation, preferably indoors in a dry place.

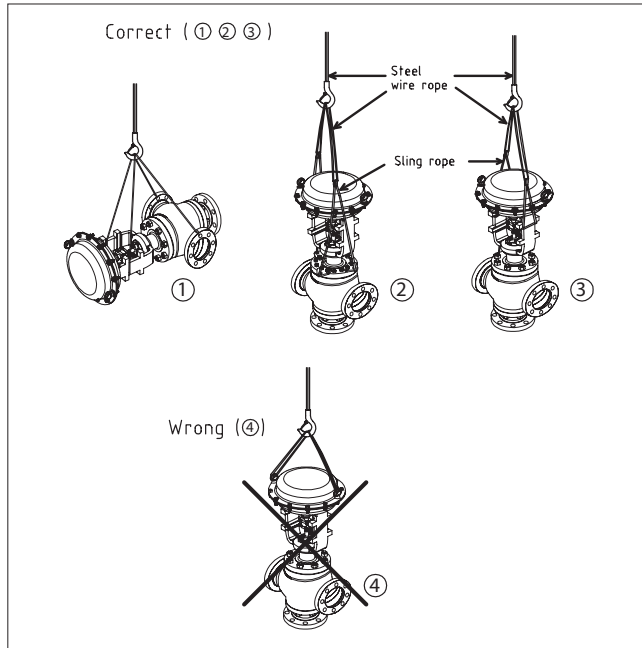


Fig. 2 Lifting the valve

Do not remove the flow port protectors until immediately before installation of the valve into the pipeline.

The valve is delivered in the closed position. A valve equipped with a spring-return actuator is delivered in the position determined by the spring.

3. VALVE INSTALLATION

3.1 General

Remove the flow port protectors and check that the valve is clean inside.

CAUTION:

When handling the valve or the control valve assembly, take its weight into account!

NOTE:

Heat insulation should be installed when valve design temperature is over 260°C to protect actuator, positioner and accessories from heat.

3.2 Installation into the pipeline

Pipeline cleaning

Make sure no foreign particles, such as sand or pieces of welding electrode, are in the pipeline, they may damage the sealing surfaces.

Installation valve

The valve has an arrow indicating the flow direction. Install the valve in the pipeline so that the flow direction of the valve corresponds to the flow direction marked on the pipe.

The mounting orientation of the valve should be vertical position as it is shown on Fig. 3.

CAUTION:

Hexavalent chromium(VI) or Cr(VI), is known to cause cancer. Be sure to use all appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when welding metals containing chromium.

CAUTION:

Ensure that any weld splatter does not fall onto the valve trim. This may prevent proper trim movement or damage critical seating surfaces causing leaks.

NOTE:

For any other mounting position, please consult the factory.

Choose flange gaskets according to the operating conditions.

Do not attempt to correct a pipeline misalignment by means of flange bolting.

Loads on the valve body from pipeline vibrations can be reduced by supporting the pipeline properly. Reduced vibration also increases the lifetime of the positioner.

Where necessary, you can support the valve by the body, using regular pipe clamps and supports. Do not fasten supports to the valve or flange bolting or to the actuator, see Fig. 3.

3.3 Hydrostatic testing and line flushing

When performing the hydrostatic test and flushing on the line, the control valve should not be used as an isolating valve. Ensure that the control valve is always in the open position before starting this process; otherwise, it may lead to valve and trim damage or failure of the seals. Flushing and hydrostatic test kits can be purchased from Valmet.

CAUTION:

Flushing trim kit should be installed in the valve (especially 'Tendril' application) to protect the original trim and the flow passages while the valve installation and line flushing.

Unless this caution could result in clogging trim, low flow rates, unstable control, valve leakage and excessive noise and other trouble.

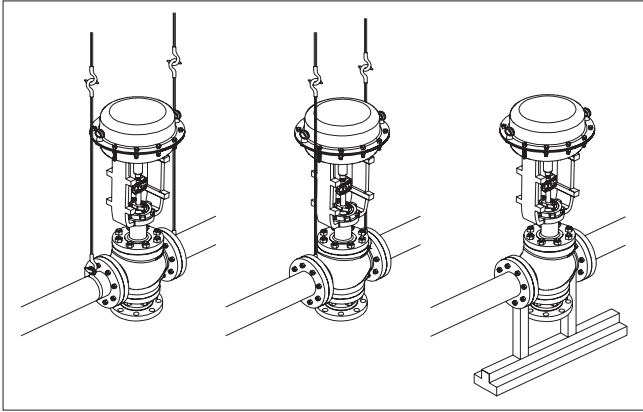


Fig. 3 Installing the control valve into pipeline using supports

3.4 Control valve assembly

Check all joints, piping and cables.

Check that the actuator stop screws, positioner and limit switches are calibrated. Refer to their installation, maintenance and operating manuals.

3.5 Valve insulation

If necessary, the valve may be insulated. Insulation must not continue above the upper level of the valve body, see Fig. 4.

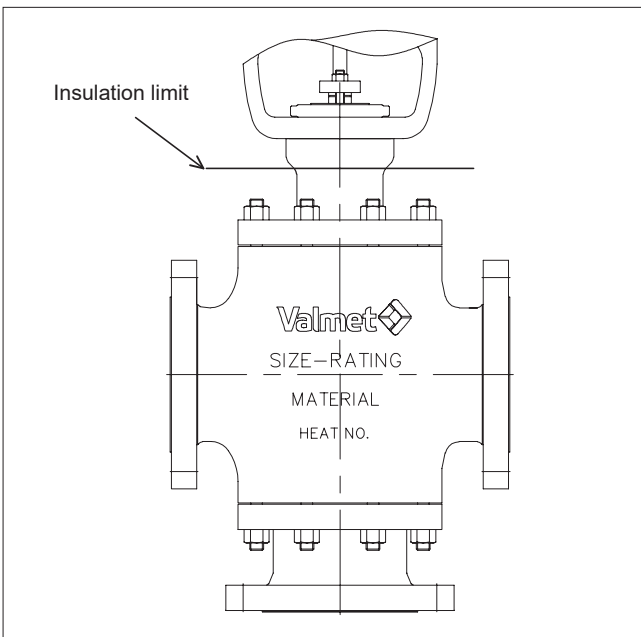


Fig. 4 Insulation of the valve

4. MAINTENANCE

CAUTION:

Observe the safety precautions listed in Section 1.7 before starting work!

CAUTION:

When handling the valve or the control valve assembly, take its weight into account!

4.1 General

The Neles series GW 3-way valves require no regular maintenance. However, check the gland packing for leakage. This section outlines the maintenance that can be carried out by the user.

The numbers in parentheses refer to the parts lists and the exploded views of the valve in Section 9.

NOTE:

If you send the valve to the manufacturer for repair, do not dismantle it. Clean the valve carefully, including the inside. For safety reasons, inform the manufacturer of the nature of the medium when you send the valve.

NOTE:

Always use original spare parts to make sure the valve functions as intended.

4.2 Gland packing adjustment & bellows seal

In the event of a packing leakage tighten the hexagon nuts (18) in ¼ turn steps each until the leakage is stopped. Do not tighten more than necessary.

NOTE:

In case of the bellows seal bonnet construction, the gland packings are installed up at the top of the bellows bonnet(8L).

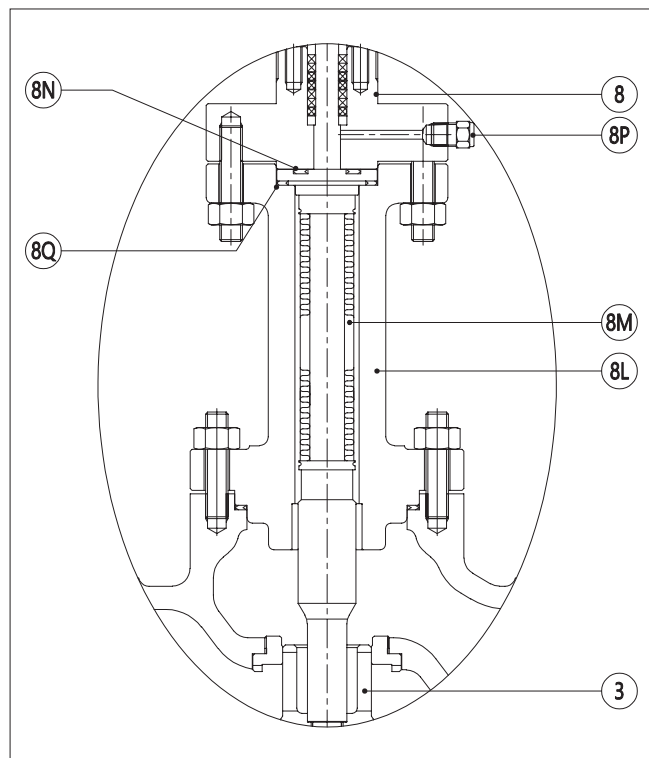


Fig. 5 Bellows seal construction

CAUTION:

The bellows seal valve will be shipped from the factory with the plug (8P) inserted into the monitoring port. Customers should connect their leakage detection system to this monitoring port to receive warnings in the event of a bellows seal leakage.

4.3 Replacing the gland packing

CAUTION:

Do not dismantle the valve or remove it from the pipeline while the valve is pressurised.

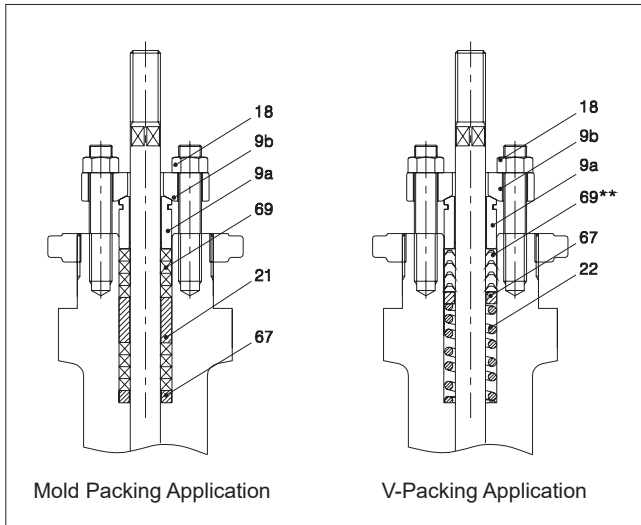


Fig. 6 Gland packing

- Make sure the valve is not pressurised.
- Remove the actuator from the valve stem according to the instructions given in the actuator manual.
- Loosen and remove the hexagon nuts (18).
- Remove the gland flange (9b), and gland (9a) up to the valve stem.
- Remove the old packing rings (69) using a pointed tool, avoid damaging the seal surfaces and valve stem.
- Clean the packing ring counterbore.
- Mount the new packing rings one by one into the packing gland box using the gland as a tool and mount the gland with hand-tightened nuts.
- Each packing ring (69) shall be firmly seated into the stuffing box using the packing tamping tool.

CAUTION:

Be careful when using a hammer

- Joints of successive braided type packing rings (69 & 69a if applicable) must be inserted 180 degrees against the previously inserted packing rings (69 & 69a if applicable).
- Apply lubricant which is suitable for the process type and temperature to the inner surface of the packing rings excluding PTFE packing and emission packing. (69)& 69a if applicable). However, lubricant is not allowed for oxygen service or in any processes with temperature higher than 260°C(550°F).

- Apply lubricant suitable for process temperature to the gland studs (14) and nuts (18) properly. However, lubricants for special services which are flammable should not be used.
- Fasten the gland by tightening the hexagon nuts(18). Refer to the torque table to avoid over-tightening which may cause high friction and wearing.
- Check leakage when the valve is pressurised.

Table 1 Required torques for bonnet nuts

Valve Size	Ratin (ANSI)	Bonnet Stud Bolts		Required Torques (±5% allowable)		
		Size	Q'ty	Nm	lbf ft	
25	1	150-300	1/2"-13UNC	4	45	33
		600	1/2"-13UNC	4	45	33
40	1,5	150-300	1/2"-13UNC	4	45	33
		600	1/2"-13UNC	4	45	33
50	2	150-300	1/2"-13UNC	8	45	33
		600	1/2"-13UNC	8	45	33
80	3	150-300	5/8"-11UNC	8	90	66
		600	5/8"-11UNC	8	90	66
100	4	150-300	3/4"-10UNC	8	160	118
		600	3/4"-10UNC	8	160	118
150	6	150-300	3/4"-10UNC	12	160	118
		600	3/4"-10UNC	12	160	118
200	8	150-300	7/8"-9UNC	12	250	184
		600	7/8"-9UNC	12	250	184
250	10	150-300	1"-8UNC	16	380	280
		600	1"-8UNC	16	380	280

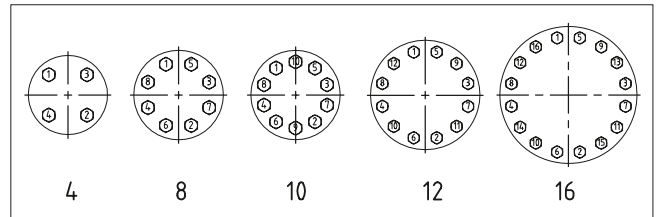


Fig. 7 Tightening sequence of the bonnet nuts

Table 2 Required torques for packing nuts

Packing Type	Stem Size mm	Rating (ANSI)	Required Torques	
			Min. Nm(lbf ft)	Max. Nm(lbf ft)
Graphite & PTFE Carbon Fiber packing	Ø12.7	150-300	5 (4)	7 (5)
		600	6 (4)	8 (6)
		900	7 (5)	10 (7)
		1500	9 (7)	12 (9)
		2500	10 (7)	14 (10)
	Ø19.05	150-300	11 (8)	16 (12)
		600	14 (10)	19 (14)
		900	17 (12)	23 (17)
		1500	19 (14)	27 (20)
		2500	22 (16)	21 (15)
	Ø25.4	150-300	18 (13)	25 (18)
		600	23 (17)	32 (24)
		900	27 (20)	38 (28)
		1500	32 (24)	44 (32)
		2500	36 (27)	51 (38)
	Ø36	150-300	26 (19)	36 (27)
		600	32 (24)	45 (33)
		900	39 (29)	54 (40)
		1500	45 (33)	64 (47)
		2500	52 (38)	73 (54)
V-ring packing (PTFE)	Ø12.7	150-300	3 (2)	5 (4)
		600	4 (3)	6 (4)
		900	5 (4)	7 (5)
		1500	6 (4)	8 (5)
		2500	7 (5)	10 (7)
	Ø19.05	150-300	8 (6)	11 (8)
		600	10 (7)	14 (10)
		900	12 (9)	16 (12)
		1500	14 (10)	19 (14)
		2500	16 (12)	22 (16)
	Ø25.4	150-300	13 (10)	18 (13)
		600	16 (12)	22 (16)
		900	19 (14)	27 (20)
		1500	22 (16)	31 (23)
		2500	25 (18)	35 (26)
	Ø36	150-300	18 (13)	25 (18)
		600	23 (17)	32 (24)
		900	27 (20)	38 (28)
		1500	32 (24)	44 (32)
		2500	36 (27)	51 (38)

- Remove the stem (5) and plug (3) sub-assembly. Avoid from damaging the seating and guiding line of the plug.
- Remove the each two seat rings (7 & 7a) from body (1) and bottom flange (26) using by fabricated wrenches to be engaged the seat ring lugs and adapted to shock wrench.
- This is threaded type, if the seat ring is extremely resistance to removal, the application of heat or penetrating oil will be helpful.
- Remove the hexagon nuts (18), gland flange (9b) and packing gland (9a) from the bonnet (8).
- Remove the old packing rings (69).
- Clean the body gasket surface.

CAUTION:
If using heating devices, insure that proper safety practices are observed. Such items as the flammability and toxicity of the controlled substance must be considered and proper precautions and permissions taken.

- Insert and tighten the each new top and bottom seat rings (7 & 7a) into the body (1) and bottom flange (26).
- Insert the stem (5) & plug (3) sub-assembly from top side into the body very carefully.
- Insert the body gasket (65) into bottom side of the body.
- Apply lubricant which is suitable for the process type and temperature to the studs(13), gland studs(14), hexagon nuts(17), nuts(18), stem(5) and thread area properly. However, lubricant is not allowed for oxygen service or in any processes with temperature higher than 260°C(550°F).
- Mount the bottom flange (26) on the body carefully maintaining alignment with the plug and stem in the closed position, so that the bonnet position in relation to the body is the same as the original position.
- Insert the hexagon nuts (17) into stud (13) and slightly fasten the nuts.

CAUTION:
Do not strongly tighten hexagon nuts (17) at this time.

CAUTION:
Do not reuse the spiral wound gaskets (65), this is need to be replace each time the valve is disassembled.

- Insert the packing rings (69) according to above 4.3

CAUTION:
The all related parts (seat ring, plug & stem, bonnet) must be properly aligned in the body.

- Tighten hexagon nuts(17) according to the torque table to make proper contact between a plug and a seat ring.

NOTE:
If the valve have excess leakage, the plug and seating surface need lapping and cleaning.

4.4 Replacing the trim and body reassembly

NOTE:

The trim set consists of the seat rings, valve plug and stem, gaskets (for body).

- Make sure the valve is not pressurised.
- Remove the actuator from the valve stem according to the instructions given in the actuator manual and next Section 6.
- Turn the body (1) and remove the bottom hexagon nuts (17).
- Remove the bottom flange (26).
- Remove the body gasket (65).

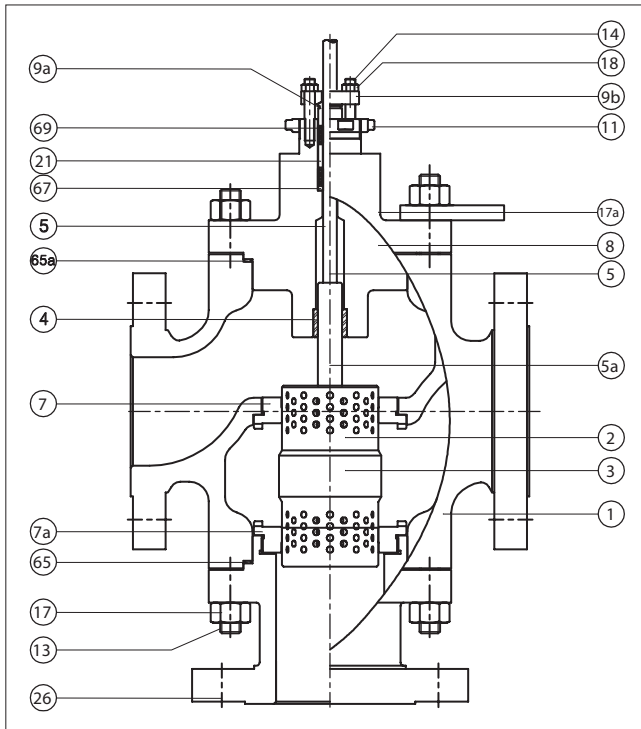


Fig. 8 Conventional Cylindrical Plug Trim

5. TESTING THE VALVE

CAUTION:

Pressure testing should be carried out using equipment conforming to the correct pressure class!

We recommend that the valve body is pressure-tested after the valve has been assembled.

The pressure test should be carried out in accordance with an applicable standard for the pressure rating. The valve must be in the open position during the test.

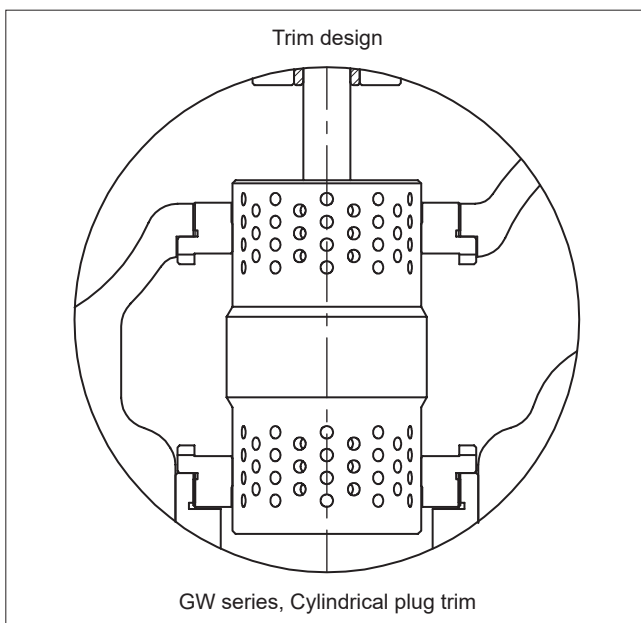


Fig. 9 Trim design

6. REMOVAL & MOUNTING THE ACTUATOR

Actuator is to be mounted on the valve assembly and is to be reconnected to the valve plug stem according to this manual. There are several types of actuators such as VDR/VDD diaphragm actuator, VBR/VBD spring return cylinder actuator and VBC/VCC spring-less double acting cylinder actuator which requires different clamping. In this manual, VD actuator mounting and removal will be handled. For other types of actuator, please refer to separate IMOs.

CAUTION:

Make sure the valve is not pressurized when removing the actuator.

CAUTION:

Beware of the plug movement!

Do not use air pressure higher than what specified on the identification plate.

NOTE:

Threaded area is required to apply lubricant suitable for process temperature to yoke nut(3**) and clamp(1**).

A. Actuator removal for Reverse <air to top seat close, stem retract> actuator (Fig. 11)

- To prevent personal injury during dismantling, use compressed air to raise the valve plug approximately 100% from the seat ring. Failure to do so may cause clamps to spring out. This is because the actuator stem and valve stem are clamped together under pressure. Therefore, it is necessary to relieve the pressure by lifting the plug before disassembling the clamps.
- Loosen the stem lock nut (5**) and socket head screws (1a**) and hexagon nuts (1b**).
- Remove the clamp (1**).
- Shut off and disconnect air supply line.
- Support actuator with the suitable lifting device.
- Use compressed air to lift the valve stem, and then proceed to remove the yoke nut.
- Remove the actuator from the valve body assembly.

B. Actuator replacement (mounting) for <air to top seat close, stem retract> actuator (Fig. 11)

- Mount the new or repaired actuator on top of the bonnet, using a suitable lifting device.
- Insert the yoke nut and tightly fasten the yoke by turning the yoke nut (3**) clockwise using tightening tools.
- Connect air line and accessories.
- Lift the top stem (18), using by specified air pressure.
- Adjustment stem length after clamping the clamp (1**) according to rated travel(stroke) as 'open' and 'close' position as per pressurizing and depressurizing the lower diaphragm chamber.
- Tighten stem socket head screws (1a**) and hexagon nuts (1b**) with stem lock nut (5**).

C. Actuator installation

Standard valve construction

1. Using the handwheel or pneumatic pressure, lower the valve stem until the plug makes contact with the seat ring. Place a flat object between the valve stem and actuator stem when pushing them down to ensure proper contact between the plug and the seat ring. Ensure that the handwheel indication is in the neutral position before operating the valve pneumatically.
2. Employing the handwheel or pneumatic pressure, elevate the actuator stem to its fully retracted position.
3. Align the starting point (0) of the ruler with the end of the retracted actuator stem.
4. By releasing compressed air, lower the actuator stem by valve stroke and clamp the valve stem and actuator stem together. The actuator stem is to be lifted up by Gap 1 (Gap 1 = Distance between the actuator stem end when fully extended and the actuator stem end when fully retracted - valve stroke). This compression of the actuator springs in this manner can generate shut-off pressure (VDR) and open pressure (VDD) in the event of valve failure.

For more detailed information, please contact your Valmet sales office or service center.

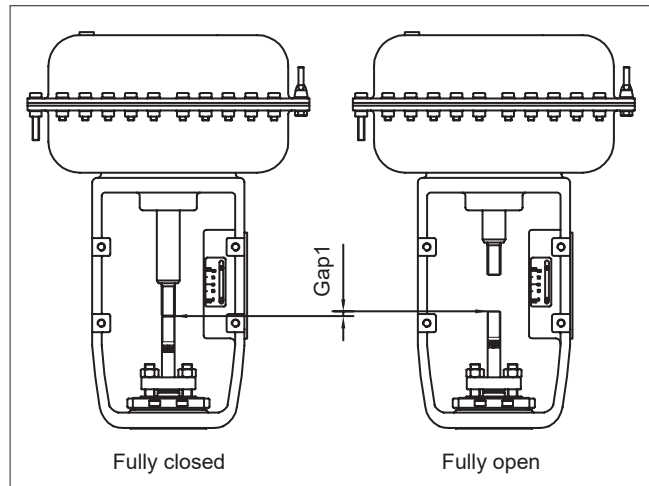


Fig. 10 Measurement of Gap 1

D. Type 'VC' Springless Cylinder, Double Acting Actuator

- This actuator is springless cylinder, double acting actuator, can use the 3/8", 1/2" NPT port according to specified on the data sheet for all air lines.
- Refer to the model VC double acting cylinder actuator manuals for further information on their installation, maintenance and operation.

CAUTION:

Avoid to turn the valve plug and stem when plug is on seat ring to prevent the seating line from being damaged.

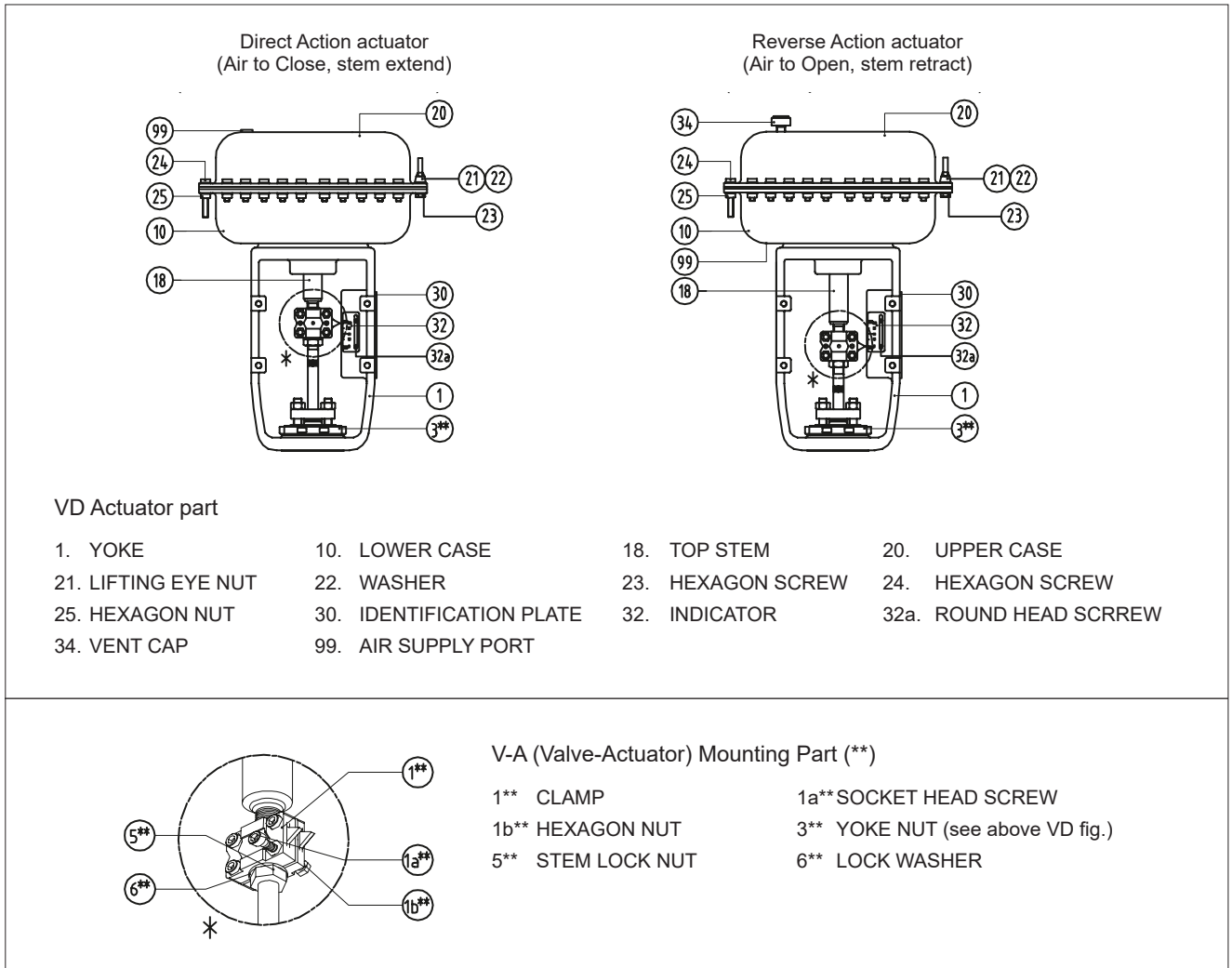


Fig. 11 VD Actuator

7. TOOLS

Removal of the actuator

- L- wrench set (mm)
- Hex. socket wrench set
- Chisel and hammer (10 pound)
- +,- drivers
- Special tool for packing insertion
- Special tool for packing removal

8. ORDERING SPARE PARTS

NOTE:

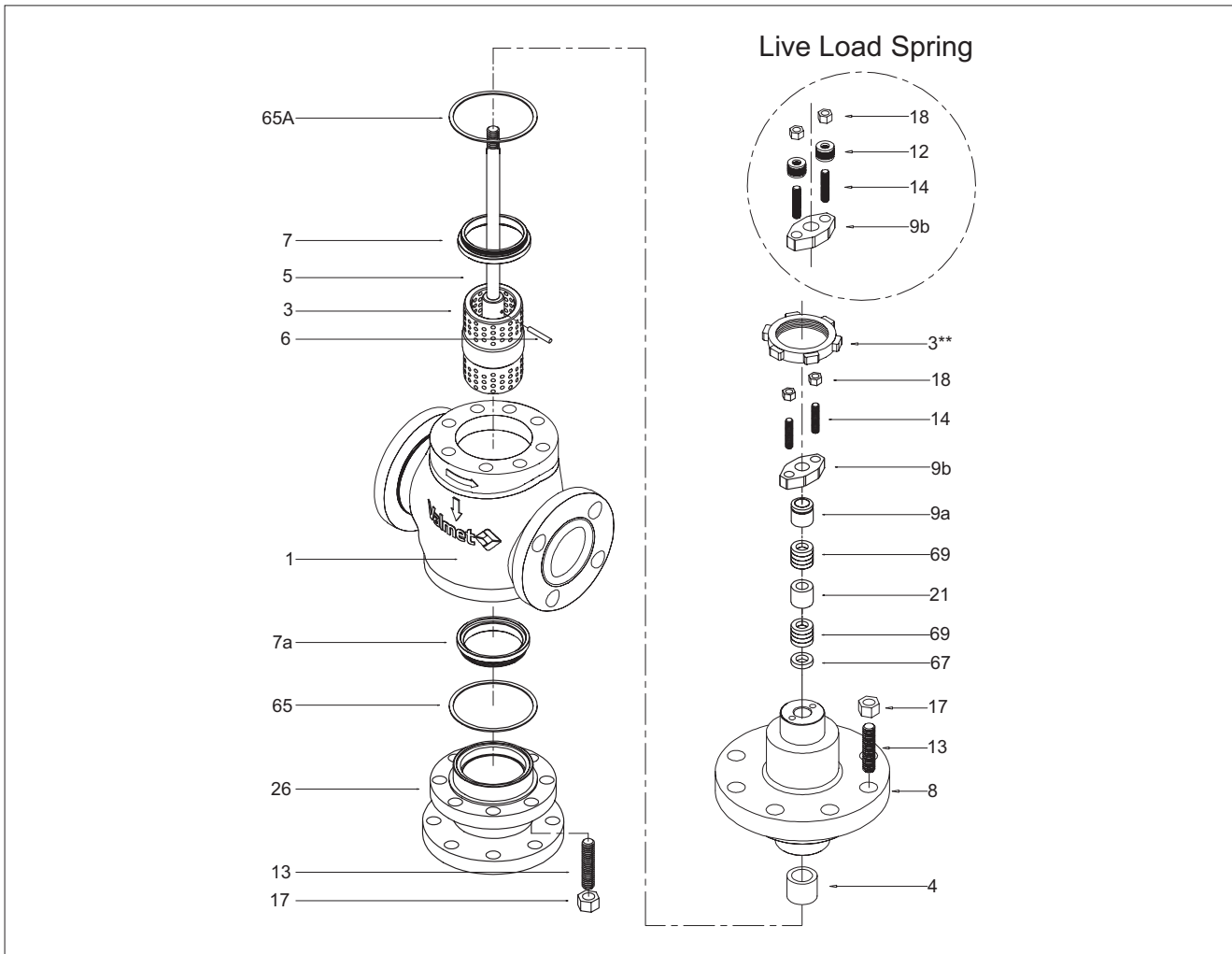
Always use original spare parts to make sure that the valve functions as intended.

When ordering spare parts, always include the following information:

- type code, sales order number, serial number
- number of the parts list, part number, name of the part and quantity required

This information can be found from the identification plate or documents.

9. EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST

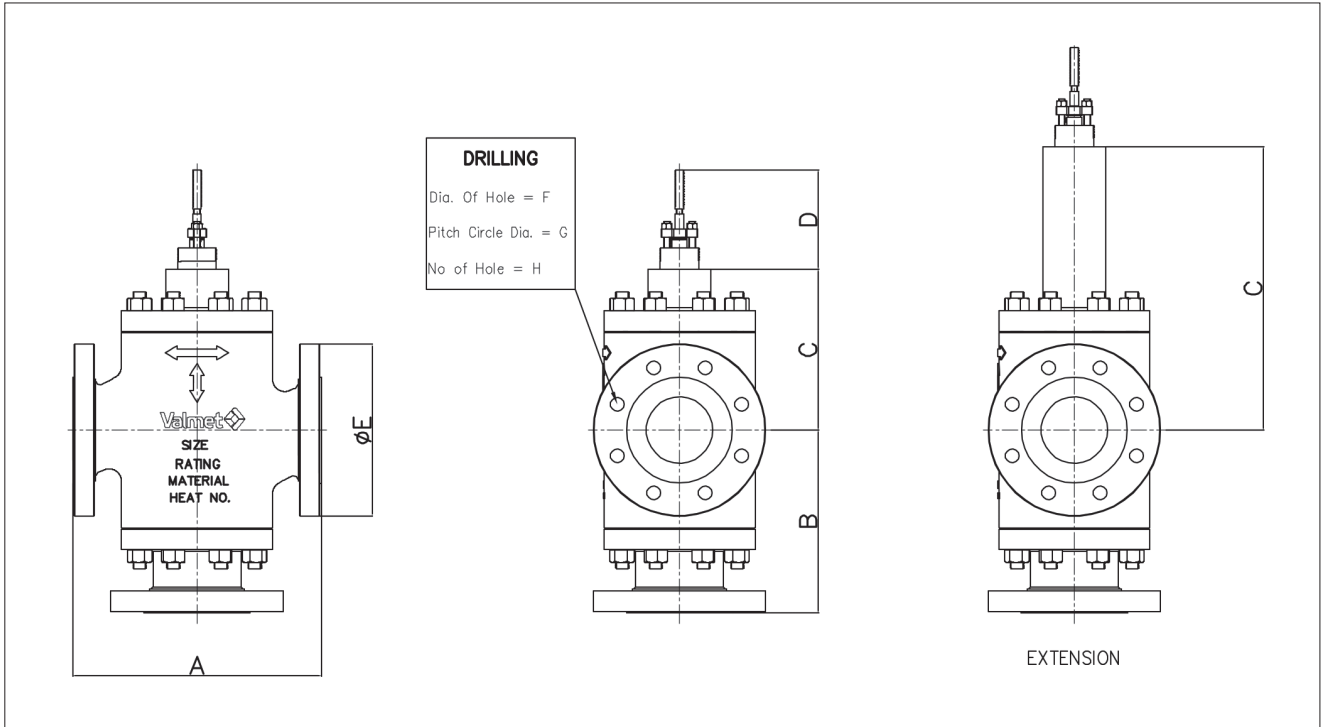


Item	Description	Recommended spare part
1	PLUG SET	
2	PLUG	
3*	STEM	
5*	YOKE NUT	
3**	PLUG PIN	
6*	SEAT RING	
7	SEAT RING	
7a	BONNET	
8	GUIDE BUSHING	
4**	GLAND	
9a	GLAND FLANGE	
9b	DISK SPRING ASS'Y	
12	STUD	
13	STUD	
14	HEXAGON NUT	
17	HEXAGON NUT	
18	LANTERN RING	
21	BOTTOM FLANGE	
26	BODY GASKET	
65	BODY GASKET	X
65 a	PACKING SPACER	X
67	PACKING RING	
69	PLUG SET	X

*) Delivered as a set
 **) V-A Mounting Parts

10. DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

10.1 Valve GW



150 # / 300 # / 600 #

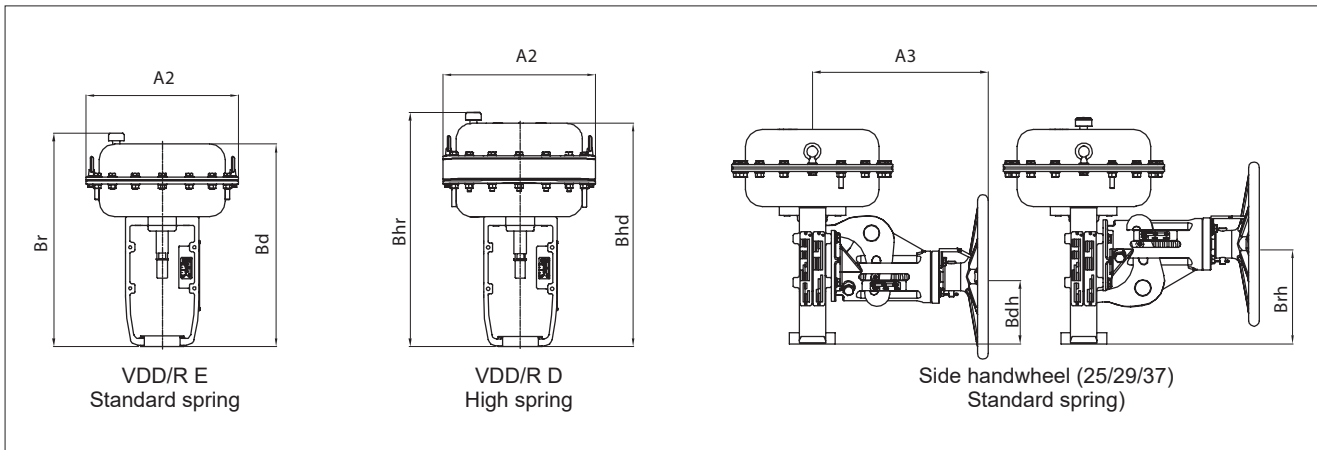
Dimension (mm)	A			B			C		D	E			F			G			H			Weight (kg) (Approximate)		
	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	STD	EXT	COMMON	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#
25	184	197	210	160	160	160	142	250	110	110	125	125	15.9	19.1	19.1	79.4	88.9	88.9	4	4	4	20	21	33
40	222	235	251	178	178	178	161	269	110	125	155	155	15.9	22.2	22.2	98.4	114.3	114.3	4	4	4	41	43	50
50	254	267	286	197	197	197	178	333	110	150	165	165	19.1	19.1	19.1	120.7	127	127	4	8	8	57	62	73
80	298	318	337	238	238	238	222	395	115	190	210	210	19.1	22.2	22.2	152.4	168.3	168.3	4	8	8	100	104	113
100	352	368	394	270	270	270	248	402	140	230	255	275	19.2	22.2	25.4	190.5	200	215.9	8	8	8	136	141	156
150	451	473	508	330	330	330	340	467	150	280	320	355	22.2	22.2	28.6	241.3	269.9	292.1	8	12	12	238	249	322
200	543	568	610	410	410	460	451	557	150	345	380	420	22.2	25.4	31.8	298.5	330.2	349.2	8	12	12	351	375	451
250	673	708	752	457	457	490	488	670	150	405	445	510	25.4	28.6	34.9	362	387.4	431.8	12	16	16	779	847	982

Dimension (inch)	A			B			C		D	E			F			G			H			Weight (kg) (Approximate)		
	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	STD	EXT	COMMON	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#	150#	300#	600#
1"	7.2	7.8	8.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	5.6	9.8	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.9	0.625	0.75	0.75	3.1	3.5	3.5	4	4	4	44	46	73
1.5"	8.7	9.3	9.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.3	10.6	4.3	4.9	6.1	6.1	0.625	0.875	0.875	3.9	4.5	4.5	4	4	4	90	95	110
2"	10.0	10.5	11.3	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.0	13.1	4.3	5.9	6.5	6.5	0.75	0.75	0.75	4.8	5.0	5.0	4	8	8	126	137	161
3"	11.7	12.5	13.3	9.4	9.4	9.4	8.7	15.6	4.5	7.5	8.3	8.3	0.75	0.875	0.875	6.0	6.6	6.6	4	8	8	220	229	249
4"	13.9	14.5	15.5	10.6	10.6	10.6	9.8	15.8	5.5	9.1	10.0	10.8	0.75	0.875	1.0	7.5	7.9	8.5	8	8	8	300	311	344
6"	17.8	18.6	20.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.4	18.4	5.9	11.0	12.6	14.0	0.875	0.875	1.125	9.5	10.6	11.5	8	12	12	525	549	710
8"	21.4	22.4	24.0	16.1	16.1	18.1	17.8	21.9	5.9	13.6	15.0	16.5	0.875	1.0	1.25	11.8	13.0	13.7	8	12	12	774	827	994
10"	26.5	27.9	29.6	18.0	18.0	19.3	19.2	26.4	5.9	15.9	17.5	20.1	1.0	1.125	1.375	14.3	15.3	17.0	12	16	16	1717	1867	2165

NOTE

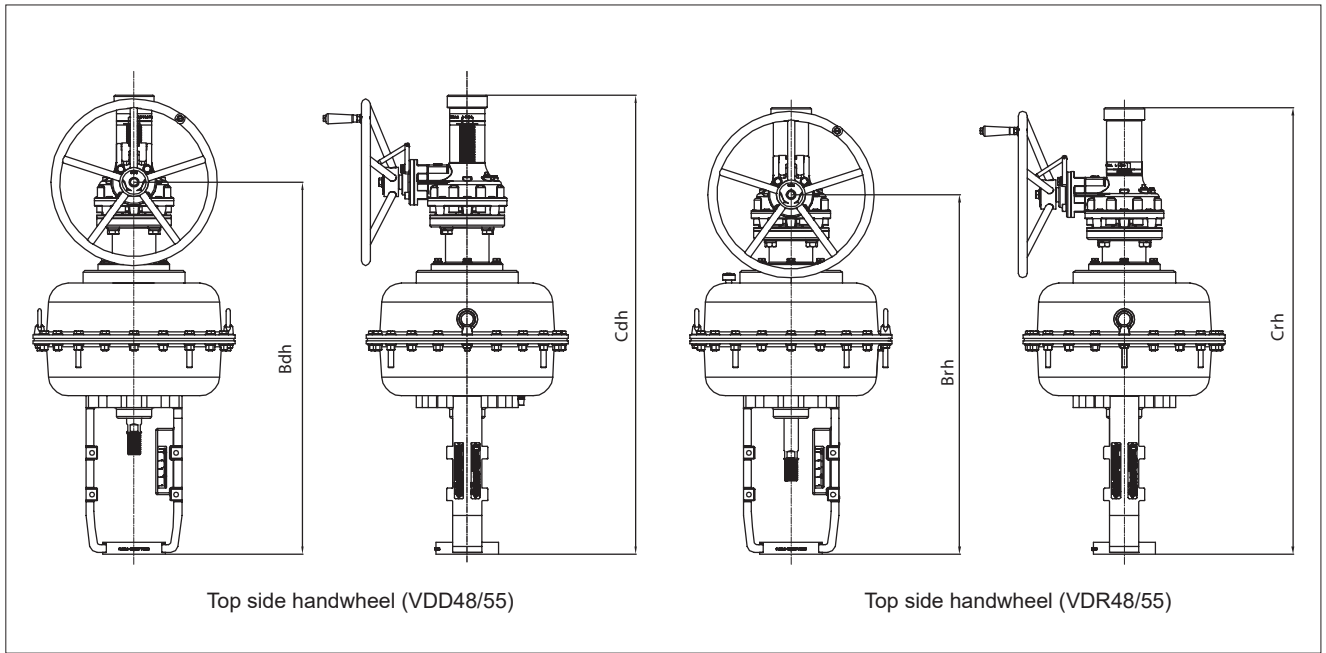
P.C.D = Pitch Circle Diameter

10.2 Actuator VDD/VDR



Dimension (mm)	Size (mm)	Without handwheel				With handwheel				
		A2	Bd / Bhd	Br / Bhr	Weight (kg)	A2	A3	Bdh	Brh	Weight (kg)
VD_25 E		255	348	373	12	255	312	110	170	23
VD_25 D		255	373	395	17	255	312	110	170	28
VD_29 E		295	391	416	18	295	312	122	182	29
VD_29 D		295	431	453	26	295	312	122	182	32
VD_37 E		375	464	489	28	375	352	131	211	43
VD_37 D		375	514	535	46					

Dimension (inch)	Size (inch)	Without handwheel				With handwheel				
		A2	Bd / Bhd	Br / Bhr	Weight (lbs)	A2	A3	Bdh	Brh	Weight (lbs)
VD_25 E		10	14	15	26	10	12	4	7	51
VD_25 D		10	15	16	37	10	12	4	7	62
VD_29 E		12	15	16	40	12	12	5	7	64
VD_29 D		12	17	18	57	12	12	5	7	82
VD_37 E		15	18	19	62	15	14	5	8	95
VD_37 D		15	20	21	101					



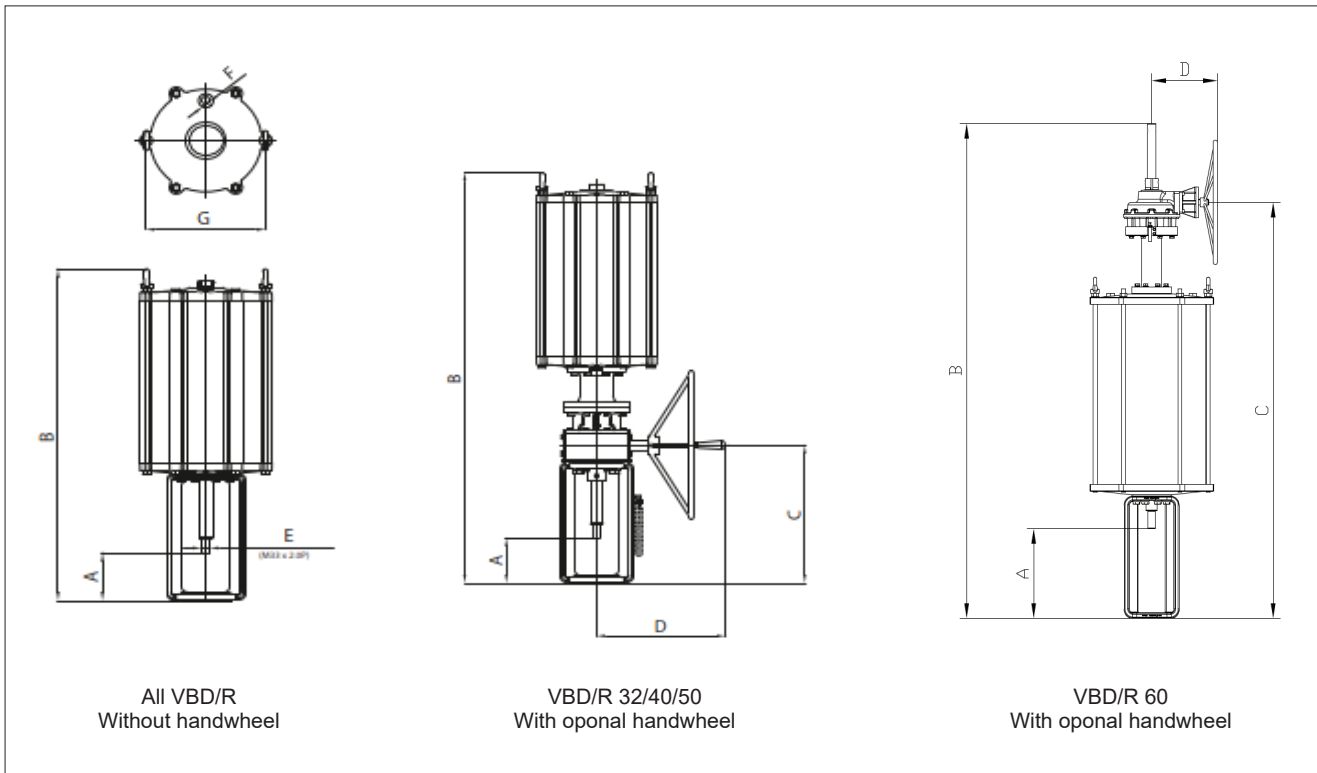
Dimension (mm)	Without handwheel				With handwheel					
	Size (mm)	A2	Bd / Bhd	Br / Bhr	Weight (kg)	Bdh	Brh	Cdh	Crh	Weight (kg)
VD_48 E		486	652	677	86	896	865	1102	1072	112
VD_48 D		486	702	724	118	946	915	1152	1122	144
VD_55 E		566	695	720	112	940	910	1145	1115	145
VD_55 D		566	745	767	152					

Dimension (inch)	Without handwheel				With handwheel					
	Size (inch)	A2	Bd / Bhd	Br / Bhr	Weight (lbs)	Bdh	Brh	Cdh	Crh	Weight (lbs)
VD_48 E		19	26	27	190	35	34	43	42	247
VD_48 D		19	28	29	260	37	36	45	44	317
VD_55 E		22	27	28	247	37	36	45	44	320
VD_55 D		22	29	30	335					

NOTE

1. "E" refers to Spring range 0.8~2.6
2. "D" refers to Spring range 1.5~3.4
3. "Br / Bhr" refers to reverse acting actuator, VDR E / D
4. "Bd / Bhd" refers to direct acting actuator, VDD E / D
5. "Cdh / Crh" Top side handwheel actuator, VD_48/55

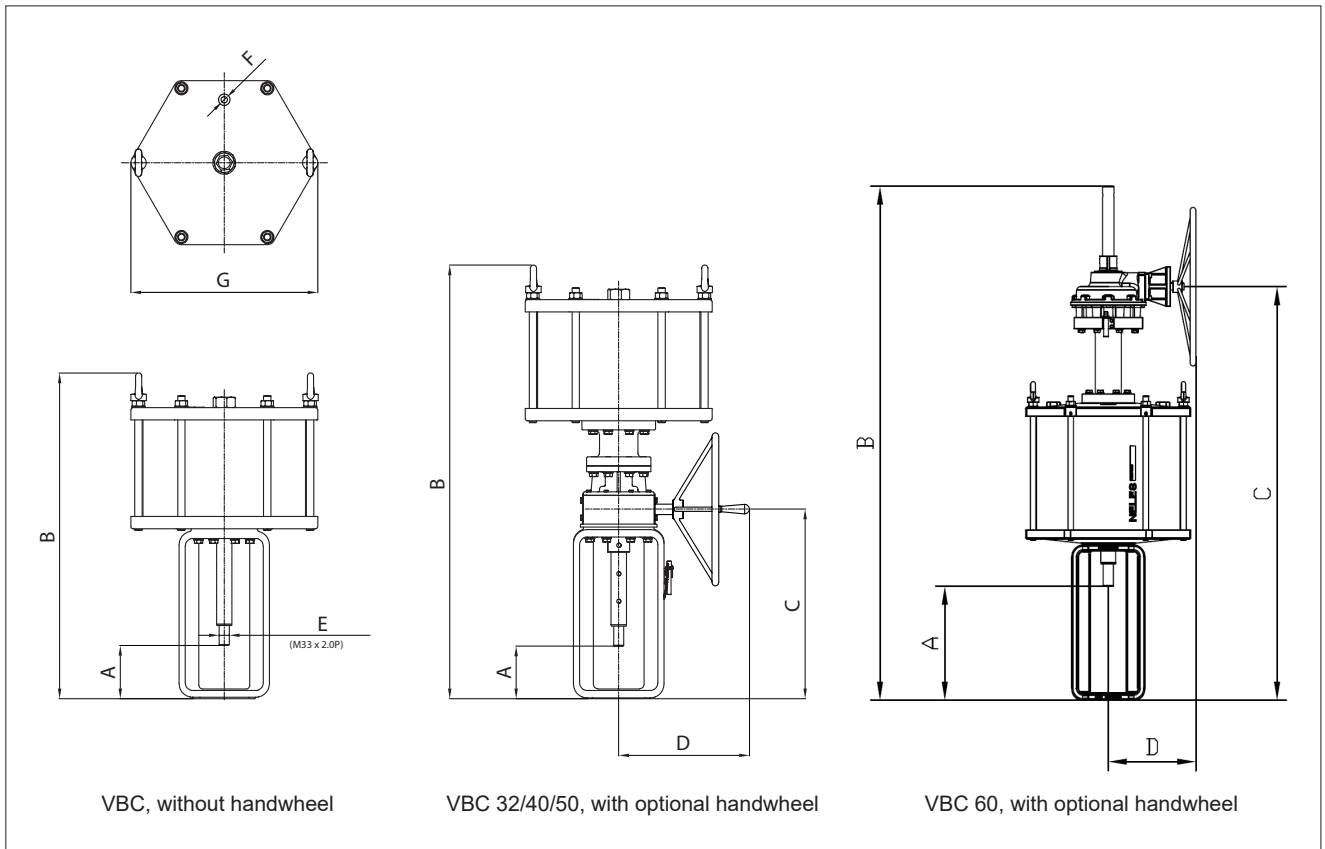
10.3 Actuator VBD/R



Dimension (mm)	Stroke Range	Without handwheel					With handwheel				
		A	B	F	G	Weight (kg)	A	B	C	D	Weight (kg)
VBD/R32	50,60,70,80,120	153	1064	3/4" NPT	392	145	155	1388	466	401	199
VBD/R40	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	185	1450	3/4" NPT	497	290	178	1800	619	427	268
VBD/R50	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	185	1535	1" NPT	610	485	178	1885	619	427	563
VBD/R60	140, 180, 180, 200, 240, 280	222	1913	1"NPT	724	1167	222	2899	2332	399	1258

Dimension (mm)	Stroke Range	Without handwheel					With handwheel				
		A	B	F	G	Weight (kg)	A	B	C	D	Weight (kg)
VBD/R32	50,60,70,80,120	6	41.9	3/4" NPT	15.4	320	6.8	54.6	18.3	15.8	439
VBD/R40	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	7.2	57.1	3/4" NPT	497	19.6	639	7.8	70.9	24.4	16.8
VBD/R50	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	7.2	60	1" NPT	610	24	1069	7.8	74.2	24.4	16.8
VBD/R60	140, 180, 180, 200, 240, 280	8.7	75.3	1"NPT	724	28.5	2567	8.7	114.1	91.8	15.7

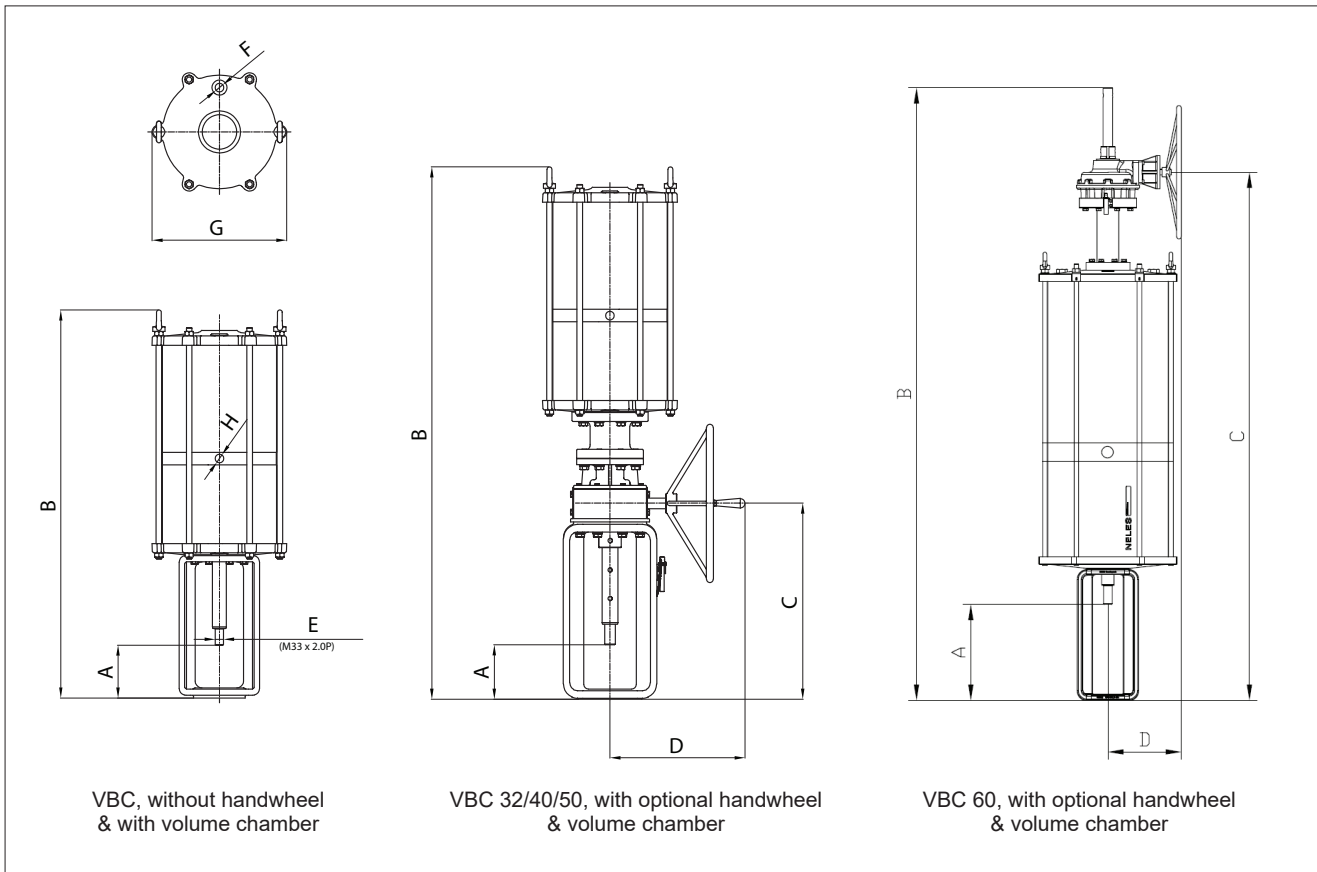
10.4 Actuator VBC



Dimension (mm)	Size (mm)	Stroke Range	Without handwheel					With handwheel				
			A	B	F	G	Weight (lbs)	A	B	C	D	Weight (lbs)
	VBC32	50, 60, 70, 80, 120	173	769	3/4" NPT	392	96	173	1090	466	401	150
	VBC40	60, 70, 80, 120, 140, 160, 180	200	1054	3/4" NPT	499	190	200	1405	619	427	268
	VBC50	60, 70, 80, 120, 140, 160, 180	200	1066	1" NPT	610	297	200	1415	619	427	375
	VBC60	140, 160, 180, 200, 240, 280	222	1404	1" NPT	724	505	222	2390	1823	399	600

Dimension (inch)	Size (inch)	Stroke Range	Without handwheel					With handwheel				
			A	B	F	G	Weight (lbs)	A	B	C	D	Weight (lbs)
	VBC32	50, 60, 70, 80, 120	6.8	30.3	3/4" NPT	15.4	211	6.8	42.9	18.3	15.8	331
	VBC40	60, 70, 80, 120, 140, 160, 180	7.8	41.5	3/4" NPT	19.6	418	7.8	55.3	24.4	16.8	591
	VBC50	60, 70, 80, 120, 140, 160, 180	7.8	42	1" NPT	24	653	7.8	55.7	24.4	16.8	827
	VBC60	140, 160, 180, 200, 240, 280	8.7	55.3	1" NPT	28.5	1111	8.7	94.1	71.8	15.7	1320

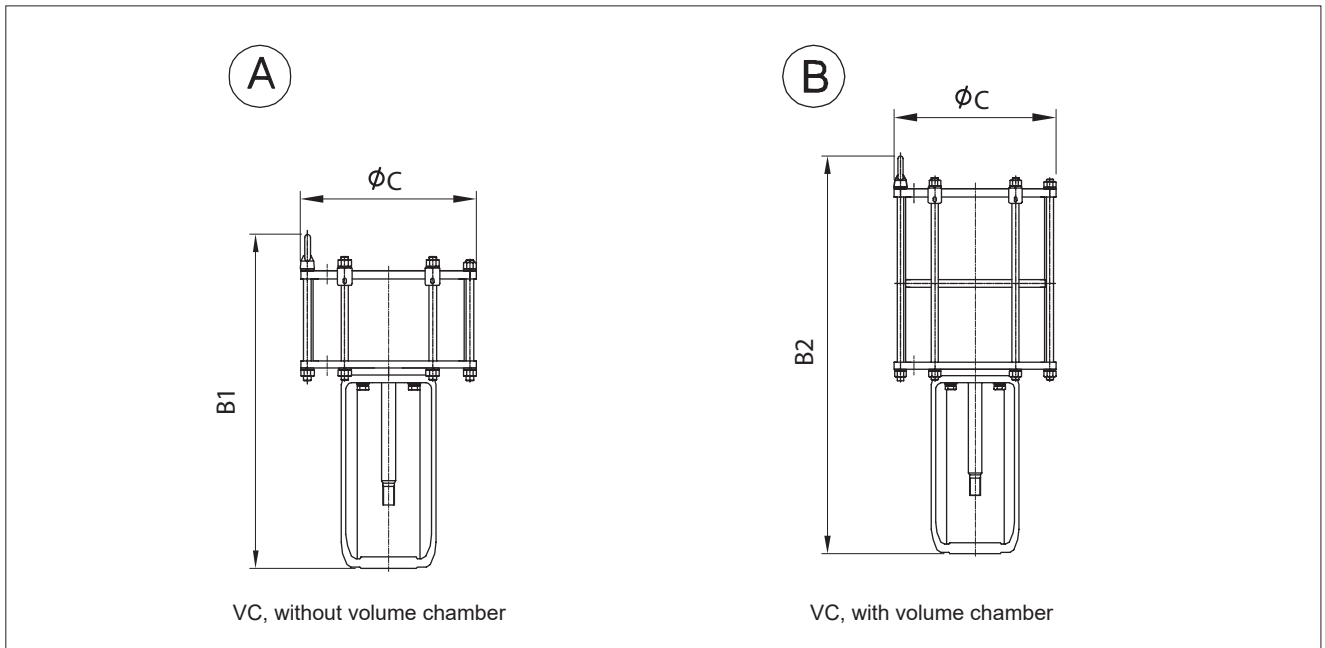
10.5 Actuator VBC with volume chamber



Dimension (mm) / Size	Stroke Range	Without handwheel						With handwheel				
		A	B	F	G	H	Weight (kg)	A	B	C	D	Weight (kg)
VBC32_V	50,60,70,80,120	173	1123	3/4" NPT	392	3/4" NPT	134	173	1444	466	401	188
VBC40_V	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	200	1540	3/4" NPT	499	3/4" NPT	255	200	1891	619	427	333
VBC50_V	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	200	1530	1" NPT	610	1" NPT	414	200	1879	619	427	492
VBC60_V	140, 180, 180, 200, 240, 280	222	2187	1"NPT	724	1"NPT	731	222	3170	2603	399	839

Dimension (mm) / Size	Stroke Range	Without handwheel						With handwheel				
		A	B	F	G	H	Weight (kg)	A	B	C	D	Weight (kg)
VBD/R32	50,60,70,80,120	6.8	44.2	3/4" NPT	15.4	3/4" NPT	295	6.8	56.9	18.3	15.8	414
VBD/R40	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	7.8	60.6	3/4" NPT	19.6	3/4" NPT	562	7.8	74.5	24.4	16.8	734
VBD/R50	60,70,80,120,140,160,180	7.8	60.2	1" NPT	24	1" NPT	913	7.8	74	24.4	16.8	1085
VBD/R60	140, 180, 180, 200, 240, 280	8.7	86.1	1"NPT	28.5	1"NPT	1608	8.7	124.8	102.5	15.7	1846

10.6 Actuator VCC without handwheel



VC actuator without handwheel

Stroke (mm)	# 30			# 40			# 50		
	C	370		C	460		C	560	
	B1	Weight (kg)		B1	Weight (kg)		B1	Weight (kg)	
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
40	640	92	115	810	120	148	810	186	234
	760			935			935		
50	650	94	118	820	123	152	820	189	237
	790			965			965		
60	660	97	121	830	126	155	830	192	242
	820			995			995		
70	670	100	124	840	128	159	840	195	246
	850			1025			1025		
80	680	103	127	850	131	162	850	198	251
	880			1055			1055		
90	690	106	130	860	134	166	860	201	256
	910			1085			1085		
100	700	108	133	870	137	173	870	203	261
	940			1115			1115		
120	720	114	139	890	142	177	890	209	270
	1000			1175			1175		
140				910	148	184	910	215	279
				1235			1235		
180				950	159	198	950	227	298
				1355			1355		

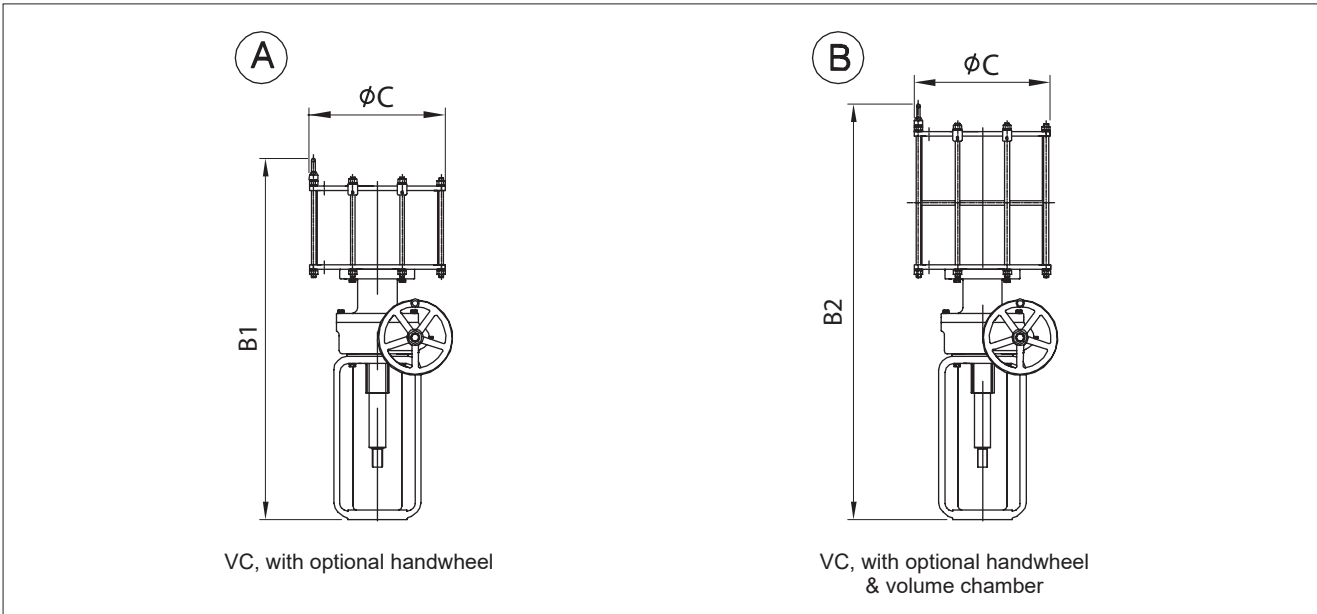
VC actuator without handwheel

Stroke (mm)	# 30			# 40			# 50		
	C	15		C	18		C	22	
	B1	Weight (lbs)		B1	Weight (lbs)		B1	Weight (lbs)	
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
40	25	203	254	32	265	326	32	410	516
	30			37			37		
50	26	207	260	32	271	335	32	417	522
	31			38			38		
60	26	214	267	33	278	342	33	423	534
	32			39			39		
70	26	220	273	33	282	351	33	430	542
	33			40			40		
80	27	227	280	33	289	357	33	437	553
	35			42			42		
90	27	234	287	34	295	366	34	443	564
	36			43			43		
100	28	238	293	34	302	381	34	448	575
	37			44			44		
120	28	251	306	35	313	390	35	461	595
	39			46			46		
140				36	326	406	36	474	615
				49			49		
180				37	351	437	37	500	657
				53			53		

Stroke (mm)	# 60			# 70			# 80		
	C	660		C	710		C	820	
	B1	Weight (kg)		B1	Weight (kg)		B1	Weight (kg)	
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
100	954	255	344	955	322	438	954	378	519
	1199			1203			1207		
120	974	262	355	975	330	450	974	386	531
	1259			1263			1267		
140	994	269	365	995	338	461	994	394	543
	1319			1323			1327		
180	1034	283	386	1035	354	484	1034	410	567
	1439			1443			1447		
240	1094	303	417	1095	377	518	1094	435	604
	1619			1623			1627		
280							1134	451	628
							1747		

Stroke (mm)	# 60			# 70			# 80		
	C	26		C	28		C	32	
	B1	Weight (lbs)		B1	Weight (lbs)		B1	Weight (lbs)	
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
100	38	562	758	38	710	966	37	833	1144
	47			47			48		
120	38	578	783	38	728	992	38	851	1171
	50			50			50		
140	39	593	805	39	745	1016	39	869	1197
	52			52			52		
180	41	624	851	41	780	1067	41	904	1250
	57			57			57		
240	43	668	919	43	831	1142	43	959	1332
	64			64			64		
280							45	994	1385
							69		

10.7 Actuator VCC with handwheel



VC actuator with handwheel

Stroke (mm)	#30				#40				#50			
	C		370		C		460		C		560	
	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
40	930	134	157	1095	180	208	1095	246	294	1095	246	294
	1055			1220			1220					
50	940	137	160	1105	183	212	1105	249	299	1105	249	299
	1085			1250			1250					
60	950	139	163	1115	186	215	1115	252	303	1115	252	303
	1115			1280			1280					
70	960	142	167	1125	188	219	1125	255	308	1125	255	308
	1145			1310			1310					
80	970	144	170	1135	191	222	1135	258	313	1135	258	313
	1175			1340			1340					
90	980	147	173	1145	194	226	1145	261	318	1145	261	318
	1205			1370			1370					
100	990	150	176	1155	197	230	1155	263	322	1155	263	322
	1235			1400			1400					
120	1010	155	183	1175	202	237	1175	269	332	1175	269	332
	1295			1460			1460					
140				1195	208	244	1195	275	341	1195	275	341
				1520			1520					
180				1235	219	258	1235	287	360	1235	287	360
				1640			1640					

Stroke (mm)	#60				#70				#80			
	C		660		C		710		C		820	
	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)	B1	Weight (kg)
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
100	1239	315	404	1240	368	502	1289	438	579	1289	438	579
	1484			1488			1542					
120	1259	322	415	1260	376	514	1309	446	591	1309	446	591
	1544			1548			1602					
140	1279	329	425	1280	384	525	1329	454	603	1329	454	603
	1604			1608			1662					
180	1319	343	446	1320	400	548	1369	470	627	1369	470	627
	1724			1728			1782					
240	1379	363	477	1380	423	582	1429	495	664	1429	495	664
	1904			1908			1962					
280							1469	511	688	1469	511	688
							2082					

VC actuator with handwheel

Stroke (mm)	#30				#40				#50			
	C		15		C		18		C		22	
	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
40	37	295	346	43	397	459	43	542	648	43	542	648
	42			48			48					
50	37	302	353	44	403	467	44	549	659	44	549	659
	43			49			49					
60	37	306	359	44	410	474	44	556	668	44	556	668
	44			50			50					
70	38	313	368	44	414	483	44	562	679	44	562	679
	45			52			52					
80	38	317	375	45	421	489	45	569	690	45	569	690
	46			53			53					
90	39	324	381	45	428	498	45	575	701	45	575	701
	47			54			54					
100	39	331	388	45	434	507	45	580	710	45	580	710
	49			55			55					
120	40	342	403	46	445	522	46	593	732	46	593	732
	51			57			57					
140				47	459	538	47	606	752	47	606	752
				60			60					
180				49	483	569	49	633	794	49	633	794
				65			65					

Stroke (mm)	#60				#70				#80			
	C		26		C		28		C		32	
	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)	B1	Weight (lbs)
	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B	B2	A	B
100	49	694	891	49	811	1107	51	966	1276	51	966	1276
	58			58			61					
120	50	710	915	50	829	1133	52	983	1303	52	983	1303
	61			61			63					
140	50	725	937	50	847	1157	52	1001	1329	52	1001	1329
	63			63			65					
180	52	756	983	52	882	1208	54	1036	1382	54	1036	1382
	68			68			70					
240	54	800	1052	54	933	1283	56	1091	1464	56	1091	1464
	75			75			77					
280							58	1127	1517	58	1127	1517
							82					

11. TYPE CODE

Globe 3-Way, Diverting / Mixing type, Series GW																					
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.
GW	02	C	W	A	J2	B	P1	X	BC	S2	P1	X	S	F	X	S	G	X	A	L	FC

VALVE CONSTRUCTIONS

1.	VALVE SERIES
GW	Globe 3-way, Diverting type

2.	BODY SIZE			
01	1" / DN 25	1H	1-1/2" / DN 40	
02	2" / DN 50	03	3" / DN 80	
04	4" / DN 100	06	6" / DN 150	
08	8" / DN 200	10	10" / DN 250	
YY	Special			

3.	PRESSURE RATING			
C	ASME class 150	D	ASME class 300	
F	ASME class 600	Y	Special	
J	EN PN 10	K	EN PN 16	
L	EN PN 25	M	EN PN 40	
N	EN PN 63	P	EN PN 100	

4.	END CONNECTION			
W	Flanged RF, ASME B16.5			
C	Flanged RF, EN 1092-1			
V	Socket welding, ASME B16.11			
Q	Butt welding, ASME B16.25			
Y	Special			

5.	BONNET CONSTRUCTION	
	Bonnet type	Actuator connection
A	General	Applicable for VD_25/29/37
B	General	Applicable for VD_48/55
C	General	Applicable for VC_30, VB_32
D	General	Applicable for VC/VB_40/50/60/70
E	Extension	Applicable for VD_25/29/37
F	Extension	Applicable for VD_48/55
G	Extension	Applicable for VC_30, VB_32
H	Extension	Applicable for VC/VB_40/50/60/70
P	Cryogenic	Applicable for VD_25/29/37
Q	Cryogenic	Applicable for VD_48/55
R	Cryogenic	Applicable for VC_30, VB_32
S	Cryogenic	Applicable for VC/VB_40/50/60/70
Y	Special	Special

6.	MODEL CODE			
J2	A216 gr. WCB	S6	A351 gr. CF8M	
S1	A351 gr. CF3M	YY	Special	

7.	BEARINGS (TRUNNION / THRUST BEARING)			
B	Model B	Y	Special	

TRIM CONSTRUCTIONS

8.	PLUG MATERIAL	
	Material	Description
P1	410 SS	Standard for carbon steel body
T6	316 SS	Standard for stainless steel body
YY	Special	Special materials

9.	PLUG APPLICATION
X	Not applicable
A	Cobalt based alloy
Y	Special

10.	STEM MATERIAL	
	Material	Description
BC	630 SS	General for carbon steel valve
TC	316 SS	General for stainless steel valve
VX	XM-19	

11.	SEAT TYPE
S2	Double metal seat
YY	Special

12.	SEAT MATERIAL	
	Seat	Description
P1	410 SS	Standard for carbon steel body
T6	316 SS	Standard for stainless steel body
YY	Special	Special materials

13.	SEAT APPLICATION
X	Not applicable
A	Cobalt based alloy
Y	Special

OTHERS

14.	PACKING / BELLOWS TYPE
S	General packing
E	Low emission, Live loaded
C	Bellows Seal (316L SS, Formed)

15.	PACKING MATERIAL
G	PTFE + Carbon fiber
F	Graphite
T	PTFE V-Ring
C	PTFE + Carbon fiber (ATEX)
H	Hi-Graphite
Y	Special

16.	SEAL RING MATERIAL
X	Not applicable

17.	GASKET MATERIAL
S	S/W gasket type, 316 SS + Graphite for standard
L	S/W gasket type, 316L SS + PTFE
H	S/W gasket type, 316L SS + Hi-Graphite
Y	Special

18.	STUD / NUT MATERIAL
G	A193 gr. B7M / A194 gr. 2HM
D	A193 gr. B8M / A194 gr. 8M
K	A320 gr. B8M cl. 2 / A194 gr. 8M
H	A193 gr. B16 / A194 gr. 4
Y	Special

19.	OPTIONS
X	Not Applicable
M	Globe 3-Way, Mixing type
Y	Special

* The body, bonnet, trim materials are subject to change as equivalent depending on detail design.

TRIM TYPE & RATED Cv

20. Sign	TRIM TYPE	21. Sign	TRIM CHARACTERISTIC	22. Sign	RATED Cv												
					Description	Body Size and Stroke											
						1" Str.	1-1/2" Str.	2" Str.	3" Str.	4" Str.	6" Str.	8" Str.	10" Str.				
A	Cylindrical plug type	L	Linear	FC	Full capacity	10 (15)	22 (20)	36 (30)	76 (40)	126 (50)	274 (60)	490 (70)	760 (70)				
				1A	1-step reduction	6 (15)	14 (20)	22 (30)	46 (40)	76 (50)	168 (60)	300 (70)	460 (70)				
				2A	2-step reduction	4 (15)	10 (20)	14 (30)	28 (40)	46 (50)	100 (60)	180 (70)	280 (70)				
				3A	3-step reduction	2 (15)	6 (20)	10 (30)	16 (40)	30 (50)	64 (60)	120 (70)	170 (70)				
Y	Special	Y	Special	YY	Special	Contact Valmet for Cv details											

* Rated Cv is separated depending on the trim type & trim characteristic.

* Available other flow characteristic.

* (Str.) means the valve stroke.

* FC: Full Capacity, 1A: 1-Step reduced, 2A: 2-Step reduced, 3A: 3-Step reduced

12. GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS AND DISCLAIMERS

General safety warnings

Lifting

1. Always use a lifting plan created by a qualified person to lift this equipment. Lifting guidance is provided in this IMO (Installation, Maintenance and Operation manual) to assist in lifting plan development. Think about the point center of gravity (CG) of the equipment being lifted. Make sure the CG is always under the central lifting point.
2. Valves may be equipped with lifting threads on the body or on the flanges. These are which are intended for use with the lifting plan.
3. Use only correct and approved lifting devices. Ensure that lifting devices and straps are securely attached to the equipment prior to lifting.
4. Check, that lifting devices are not damaged and in good condition with a valid check stamp prior to use.
5. Workers must be trained for lifting and handling valves.
6. Never lift an assembly by the instrumentation (solenoid, positioner, limit switch, etc.) or by the instrumentation piping. Straps and lifting devices should be fitted to prevent damage to instrumentation and instrumentation piping. Failure to follow the lifting guidance provided may result in damage and personal injury from falling objects.

Work activities on the valve

1. Wear your personal safety equipment. Personal safety equipment includes but is not limited to protective shoes, protective clothing, safety glasses, helmet, hearing protection and working gloves.
2. Always follow the local safety instructions in addition to the Valmet instructions. If Valmet instructions conflict with local safety instructions, stop work and contact Valmet for more information.
3. Before beginning service on the equipment, make sure that the actuator is disconnected from any kind of power source (pneumatic, hydraulic, and/or electric), and no stored energy is applied on the actuator (compressed spring, compressed air volumes, etc.). Do not attempt to remove a spring return actuator unless the stop screw is carrying the spring force.
4. Make sure that there is a LOTOTO (Lock Out / Tag Out / Try Out) procedure in place for the system in which the valve is installed and strictly follow it.
5. Always make sure that the pipeline is depressurized and in ambient temperature condition before maintenance work is started.
6. Keep hands and other body parts out of the flow port when the valve is being serviced and the actuator is connected to the valve. There is a high risk of serious injury to hands and/or fingers due to malfunction if the valve suddenly starts to operate.

General disclaimers

Receive, handle and unpacking

1. Respect the safety warnings above!
2. Valves are critical components for pipelines to control high pressure fluids and must therefore be handled with care.
3. Store valves and equipment in a dry and protected area until the equipment is installed.
4. Keep the original packaging on the valve as long as possible to avoid environmental contamination by dust, water, dirt, etc.

5. Remove the valve endcaps just before mounting into the pipeline.
6. FOR YOUR SAFETY IT IS IMPORTANT THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS BE TAKEN PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF THE VALVE FROM THE PIPELINE OR BEFORE ANY DISASSEMBLY:
 - Be sure you know what fluid is in the pipeline. If there is any doubt, confirm with the proper supervisor.
 - Wear any personal protective equipment (PPE) required for working with the fluid involved in addition to any other PPE normally required.
 - Depressurize the pipeline, bring to ambient temperature, and drain the pipeline fluid.
 - Cycle the valve to relieve any residual pressure in the body cavity.
 - After removal but before disassembly, cycle the valve again until no evidence of trapped pressure remains.
7. The identification plate (nameplate, or engraved markings) on the valve gives the information of max. process conditions to the valve.
8. Temperatures and pressures must never exceed values marked on the valve. Exceeding these values may cause uncontrolled release of pressure and process fluid. Damage or personal injury may result.
9. Valmet valves typically are designed to be used in atmospheric conditions. Do not use valves under external pressurized conditions unless specifically designed and explicitly marked for this service.
10. Avoid Pressure shocks or water hammer. Systems with high pressure valves should be equipped with a bypass to reduce the differential pressure before opening the valve to avoid pressure shock.
11. Avoid thermal shock. High temperature, Low temperature and cryogenic valves should be operated in a way that limits the rate of increase or decrease in temperature. The valve should be thermally stabilized before being pressurized.
12. Materials of the valve are carefully selected for the process conditions. Changes to the process media can have a major impact on function and safety of the valve. Always confirm the materials are suitable for the service prior to installation.
13. As the use of the valve is application specific, a number of factors should be taken into account when selecting a valve for a given application. Therefore, some situations in which the valves are used are outside the scope of this manual.
14. It is the end user's responsibility to confirm compatibility of the valve materials with the intended service, however if you have questions concerning the use, application, or compatibility of the valve for the intended service, contact Valmet for more information.
15. Never use a valve with enriched or pure oxygen if the valve is not explicitly designed and cleaned for oxygen. Selected materials and design have a major impact on the safety to operate the valve with oxygen.
16. Valves intended for use in or with explosive atmospheres must be equipped with a grounding device and marked according ATEX (or equivalent international standards).

Maintenance

17. Respect the safety warnings above!
18. Plan service and maintenance actions, that spare parts, lifting devices and service personnel is available.

19. Maintain the valve within the recommended minimum maintenance intervals or within the recommended maximum operating cycles.
20. Always make sure that the valve and the pipeline is depressurized before starting any kind of maintenance work at a valve.
21. Always check the position of the valve before starting maintenance work. Follow the Lock out /tag out (LOTO) rules at the site before starting any maintenance activity.
 - See IMO for the correct stem position.
 - Consider that the positioner may give the wrong signals.
22. Sealing materials (soft sealing parts) should be changed when the valve is maintained. Always use original equipment manufacturers (OEM) spare parts to ensure proper performance of the repaired valve.
23. All pressure containing parts must be inspected visually for damage or corrosion. Damaged parts must be replaced.
24. Valve pressure bearing parts and all internals must be inspected for corrosion or erosion which may result in reduced wall thickness on pressure bearing parts. Damaged pressure bearing parts must be replaced with original equipment manufacturer's (OEM) replacement parts or repaired to factory specifications by an authorized Valmet service partner in order to maintain the warranty.
25. Do not use sharp tools, grinding machines, or files to work on functional surfaces such as sealing, seating or bearing surfaces as this can damage these surfaces.
26. Do not weld on pressure bearing parts without an ASME and PED qualified procedure and personnel.
27. Pressure bearing parts of valves in high temperature applications must be carefully examined for the effects of material creep and fatigue.
28. Make sure that the valve is positioned in the correct flow direction into the pipeline.
29. If the valves are marked to be suitable for explosive atmospheres, the correct function of the discharging device must be tested before returning to service.
30. Always work in a clean environment. Avoid getting particles inside the valve due to machining, grinding, or welding nearby.
31. Never store a maintained valve without flow port protection.
32. When pressure testing valve seats, never exceed the maximum operating pressure of the system or the maximum shut-off pressure marked on the valve identification plate.
33. Actuator mounting and unmounting:
 - Before installing the actuator on to the valve, be sure the actuator is properly indicating the valve position. Failure to assemble these to indicate correct valve position may result in damage or personal injury.
 - When installing or removing a linkage kit, best practice is to remove the entire linkage assembly, including couplings which may fall off the valve during lifting or when position changes.
 - Mounting sets have been designed to support the weight of the Valmet actuator and recommended accessories. Use of the linkage to support additional equipment or additional weight such as people, ladders, etc. may result in equipment damage or personal injury.
34. The valve should be installed between flanges using appropriate gaskets and fasteners that are compatible with the application, and in compliance with applicable piping codes and standards. Center the gaskets carefully when fitting the valve between the flanges. Do not attempt to correct pipeline misalignment by means of the flange bolting.
35. Repairs on valves for special service like Oxygen, Chlorine, and Peroxide, have special requirements.
 - Parts must be cleaned appropriate to the service and protected from contamination prior to assembly.
 - Assembly areas and tools must be clean and dry to prevent contamination of the parts during assembly.
 - Test equipment must be clean and dry to prevent contamination during testing. This includes the test equipment internals that may allow particles or other contamination into the test fluid during the test.
 - Lubrication shall be used only if specifically required in the instructions. Where lubrication is required, the lubricant must be approved for the service by the end user.

Subject to change without prior notice.

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